

Energy Performance Certificate



Flat 409 Salisbury House, 77, Granby Row, MANCHESTER, M1 7BG

Dwelling type: Mid-floor flat **Reference number:** 8104-3135-0739-1927-9783
Date of assessment: 27 March 2018 **Type of assessment:** SAP, new dwelling
Date of certificate: 27 March 2018 **Total floor area:** 16 m²

Use this document to:

- Compare current ratings of properties to see which properties are more energy efficient

Estimated energy costs of dwelling for 3 years:

£ 870

Estimated energy costs of this home

	Current costs	Potential costs	Potential future savings
Lighting	£ 51 over 3 years	£ 51 over 3 years	Not applicable
Heating	£ 456 over 3 years	£ 456 over 3 years	
Hot Water	£ 363 over 3 years	£ 363 over 3 years	
Totals	£ 870	£ 870	

These figures show how much the average household would spend in this property for heating, lighting and hot water and is not based on energy used by individual households. This excludes energy use for running appliances like TVs, computers and cookers, and electricity generated by microgeneration.

Energy Efficiency Rating

Very energy efficient - lower running costs



Not energy efficient - higher running costs

Current	Potential
71	71

The graph shows the current energy efficiency of your home.

The higher the rating the lower your fuel bills are likely to be.

The average energy efficiency rating for a dwelling in England and Wales is band D (rating 60).

The EPC rating shown here is based on standard assumptions about occupancy and energy use and may not reflect how energy is consumed by individual occupants.

Summary of this home's energy performance related features

Element	Description	Energy Efficiency
Walls	Average thermal transmittance 0.21 W/m ² K	★★★★★
Roof	(other premises above)	—
Floor	(other premises below)	—
Windows	High performance glazing	★★★★★
Main heating	Community scheme	★★★☆☆
Main heating controls	Flat rate charging, programmer and room thermostat	—
Secondary heating	None	—
Hot water	Community scheme	★★★☆☆
Lighting	Low energy lighting in all fixed outlets	★★★★★
Air tightness	(not tested)	—

Thermal transmittance is a measure of the rate of heat loss through a building element; the lower the value the better the energy performance.

Air permeability is a measure of the air tightness of a building; the lower the value the better the air tightness.

Current primary energy use per square metre of floor area: 263 kWh/m² per year

Low and zero carbon energy sources

Low and zero carbon energy sources are sources of energy that release either very little or no carbon dioxide into the atmosphere when they are used. Installing these sources may help reduce energy bills as well as cutting carbon. The following low or zero carbon energy sources are provided for this home:

- Community heat pump

Your home's heat demand

This table shows the energy used for space and water heating by an average household in this property.

Heat demand

Space heating (kWh per year)	210
Water heating (kWh per year)	1,565

If you built your own home and, as part of its construction, you installed a renewable heating system, you could receive Renewable Heat Incentive (RHI) payments. The estimated energy required for space and water heating will form the basis of the payments. For more information, search for the domestic RHI on the www.gov.uk website.

Recommendations

None.

About this document and the data in it

This document has been produced following an energy assessment undertaken by a qualified Energy Assessor, accredited by NES. You can obtain contact details of the Accreditation Scheme at www.nesltd.co.uk.

A copy of this certificate has been lodged on a national register as a requirement under the Energy Performance of Buildings Regulations 2012 as amended. It will be made available via the online search function at www.epcregister.com. The certificate (including the building address) and other data about the building collected during the energy assessment but not shown on the certificate, for instance heating system data, will be made publicly available at www.opendatacommunities.org.

This certificate and other data about the building may be shared with other bodies (including government departments and enforcement agencies) for research, statistical and enforcement purposes. For further information about how data about the property are used, please visit www.epcregister.com. To opt out of having information about your building made publicly available, please visit www.epcregister.com/optout.

Assessor's accreditation number: NHER004347
Assessor's name: Mr Peter Kinsella
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Related party disclosure: No related party

There is more information in the guidance document *Energy Performance Certificates for the marketing, sale and let of dwellings* available on the Government website at: www.gov.uk/government/collections/energy-performance-certificates. It explains the content and use of this document, advises on how to identify the authenticity of a certificate and how to make a complaint.

About the impact of buildings on the environment

One of the biggest contributors to global warming is carbon dioxide. The energy we use for heating, lighting and power in homes produces over a quarter of the UK's carbon dioxide emissions.

The average household causes about 6 tonnes of carbon dioxide every year. Based on this assessment, your home currently produces approximately 0.7 tonnes of carbon dioxide every year. You could reduce emissions by switching to renewable energy sources.

The environmental impact rating is a measure of a home's impact on the environment in terms of carbon dioxide (CO₂) emissions based on standardised assumptions about occupancy and energy use. The higher the rating the less impact it has on the environment.

